

150W Baseplate cooled



The RDF150 Series is a range of low profile, baseplate cooled DC-DC brick converters that delivers 150W and offers single output voltages ranging from 5V to 48VDC. The RDF150 series offers an ultra-wide 12:1 input range of 14 to 160VDC, which covers standard industrial voltages and meets all requirements of the EN50155 transportation standard. Baseplate cooling enables effective thermal management which ensures elevated levels of reliability.

With world-wide industrial safety approvals and compliance to transportation standards, high efficiency, high reliability, 3kVAC reinforced isolation, remote On/Off and wide output trimming, the RDF150 series benefits system designers with easy integration into a wide range of applications including; renewable energy, battery systems, autonomous equipment, factory automation and harsh environment railway applications.



Features

- Single voltage outputs from 5V to 48VDC
- ▶ Wide output voltage trim and remote sense
- ▶ 12:1 ultra-wide input range 14 to 160VDC
- Industry standard half brick format
- ► High efficiency, up to 90%
- ▶ 3kVAC reinforced input to output isolation
- ▶ ITE safety approvals and EN50155 compliance
- ▶ Remote On/Off with low 15mA stand-by current
- Overvoltage, overload, and short circuit protection
- ► -40°C to +100°C operating case temperature
- 3 year warranty

Applications





Factory Automation & Industrial Electronics

Railway

Dimensions

61.0 x 57.9 x 12.7 mm (2.40" x 2.28" x 0.50" in)

More resources

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Models & ratings

Madal number	Model number Input voltage		0	Input current(6)		Di(1)	Maximum	F45 .: (2)
Model number	Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current	No load	Full load	Ripple & noise(1)	capacitive load	Efficiency ⁽²⁾
RDF15072S05		5V	25.0A		1.93A	150mV	25000µF	89%
RDF15072S12	72VDC	12V	12.5A	50mA	2.29A	200mV	16700µF	90%
RDF15072S15	(14-160VDC)	15V	10.0A	(15mA in inhibit	2.32A	200mV	10000μF	89%
RDF15072S24	24V	6.25A	mode)	2.34A	240mV	6250µF	89%	
RDF15072S48		48V	3.2A		2.37A	240mV	2200µF	90%

Notes

- 1. Measured at 20MHz bandwidth and $1\mu F$ ceramic and $10\mu F$ tantalum capacitors (for 48V, $10\mu F$ electrolytic and $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor) at 72VDC input and full load.
- 2. Measured at nominal 72VDC input.
- 3. Optional M3 x 0.5 threaded baseplate fixing add suffix -T.

- 4. Recommended input capacitance of $100\mu F$ required to reduce input ripple voltage at $-40^{\circ}C$ operation. See application notes.
- 5. Add suffix -N for negative logic control.
- 6. Typical at 72VDC input.



Input

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & conditions
Input voltage range	14		160	VDC	24/48/72/110VDC nominal inputs. Derate output power to 65% with input below 16.5VDC
Input surge			180	VDC	For 100ms
Undervoltage lockout		>12.5		VDC	On
Officer voltage fockout		<11.5		VDC	Off
Lockout hysteresis		2		VDC	
Idle current		15		mA	When output is inhibited
Inrush current			0.1	A ² s	Reference to ETS300 132-2
Input reflected ripple current		50		mA pk-pk	Through 12µH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz at nominal input
Recommended input fuse	T18A				
Input filter	Pi type				

Output

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & conditions	
Output voltage	5		48	VDC	See Models & ratings	
Output trim	-20		+15	%	See Application notes	
Initial set accuracy			±1.0	%	At full load and 72VDC nominal input	
Minimum load	No minimum	load required				
Line regulation			±0.2	%	From minimum to maximum input at full load	
Load regulation			±0.2	%	From 0% to full load	
Transient response			±5.0	%	Maximum deviation, recovering to less than 1% in 250µs for 25% step load change	
Start up delay		100		ms		
Output voltage rise time		100		ms		
Ripple & noise				mV pk-pk	See Models & ratings	
Overload protection	110	125	140	%	Vout <90%	
Short circuit protection	Continuous h	niccup mode, w	ith autorecover	у		
Maximum capacitive load	See Models	& Ratings table				
Temperature coefficient			±0.02	%/°C	Tc -40°C to +100°C	
Overvoltage protection	115	125	140	%	Of nominal output voltage	
Remote On/Off	Output is on if remote On/Off (pin 4) is open or high (3.5-160VDC), positive logic. Output turns off if remote On/Off (pin 4) is low (0-1.2VDC max.) Positive logic default, for negative logic option add -N suffix to part number. On/Off current typ. 0.3mA to max 1mA					





General

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & conditions		
Efficiency		90		%	See Models & ratings table		
Isolation: Input to output	3000			VAC	60s, reinforced		
Isolation: Input to case	3000			VAC	60s, basic		
Isolation: Output to case	500			VAC	60s, basic		
Isolation resistance	10 ⁸			Ω			
Isolation capacitance		500		pF	Input to output		
Switching frequency	432	480	528	kHz	Fixed. Sync pin option		
Power density		139.7		Wcm ³			
Mean time between failure	450			khrs	MIL-HDBK-217F, +25°C GB		
Weight		105.0 (0.23)		g (lb)			
Case material	Plastic DAP	(UL94V-0) with a	aluminium base	plate			
Potting material	Epoxy UL94	V-0					
Pin material	Copper with	Copper with nickel and matte tin plate					
Fire and smoke	Meets EN45	Meets EN45545-2					
Solder profile	Wave solder	Wave solder 260°C max, 10s max, 1.5mm from case. With 90W iron, 420°C for max. 15s					
Water washing	Use de-ionis	ed water, dry th	oroughly				

Environmental

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & conditions
Operating base plate	-40		+100	°C	
Storage temperature	-55		+125	°C	
Thermal protection		+105		°C	Measured on base plate, non latching. Recover <95°C
Humidity			95	%RH	Non-condensing
Cooling	Baseplate co	oled			
Altitude			5000	m	Operating. Storage 12000m
Shock & vibration					Meets EN61373/MIL-STD-810F

EMC: emissions

Phenomenon	Standard	Test level	Notes & conditions
Conducted	EN50121-3-2	A	See Application notes
Radiated	EN50121-3-2		See Application notes

EMC: immunity

Phenomenon	Standard	Test level	Criteria	Notes & conditions
Railway equipment	EN50121-3-2			See Application notes
ESD immunity	EN61000-4-2	±6kV/±8kV	A	Contact discharge/Air discharge
Radiated immunity	EN61000-4-3	20V/m	A	
EFT/Burst	EN61000-4-4	2kV	A	External component required, see Application notes
Surge	EN61000-4-5	±4kV/±2kV	А	External component required, see Application notes
Conducted immunity	EN61000-4-6	10Vrms	А	

Safety approvals

Safety agency	Standard	Test level	Notes & conditions			
UL	62368-1		ITE			
EN	50155		Railway			
CE	Meets all applicable directives					
UKCA	Meets all applicable legislation					





Application notes

Input fusing and safety considerations

The RDF150 series converters have no internal fuse. In order to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. We recommended a 18A time delay fuse. It is recommended that the circuit has a transient voltage suppressor diode (TVS) across the input terminals to protect the unit against surge or spike voltages and input reverse voltage (as shown). A suitable part would be 1.5 KE180 A Littlefuse.

+Vin +Vout 1 11 Vin ____ TVS Load Load Load

Output voltage adjustment

The trim input permits the user to adjust the output voltage up by 15% or down by 20%. This is accomplished by connecting an external resistor between the Trim pin and either the +Sense pin or the -Sense pin. Alternatively, with a $10k\Omega$ variable resistor.

To trim down

Connecting an external resistor (Rd) between the Trim pin and the +Sense pin decreases the output voltage. The following table can be used to determine the required external resistor value to obtain a percentage output voltage change of $\Delta\%$.

Trim down	5V	12V	15V	24V	48V		
%	Rd (kΩ)						
1	387.8	389.7	573.8	929.5	1715.6		
2	186.7	186.4	276.3	447.2	821.8		
3	119.7	118.7	177.2	286.5	523.9		
4	86.1	84.8	127.6	206.1	374.9		
5	66.0	64.5	97.8	157.9	285.6		
6	52.6	50.9	78.0	125.7	226.0		
7	43.0	41.3	63.9	102.8	183.5		
8	35.9	34.0	53.3	85.6	151.5		
9	30.3	28.4	45.0	72.2	126.7		
10	25.8	23.8	38.4	64.5	106.8		
11	22.2	20.1	33.0	52.7	90.6		
12	19.1	17.0	27.5	45.4	77.0		
13	16.5	14.5	24.7	39.2	65.6		
14	14.3	12.2	21.4	33.9	55.8		
15	12.4	10.3	18.6	29.3	47.2		
16	10.7	8.6	16.0	25.3	39.8		
17	9.3	7.1	13.9	21.7	33.2		
18	7.9	5.8	11.9	18.6	27.4		
19	6.8	4.6	10.2	15.8	22.2		
20	5.7	3.5	8.6	13.2	17.48		

Output voltage sensing

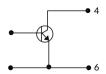
The module will automatically trim the output voltage via the sense pins to the default values either locally or at the load. If not required, the sense pins should be connected locally as indicated in the example hold up circuit.

To trim up

Connecting an external resistor (Ru) between the Trim pin and the -Sense pin increases the output voltage. The following table can be used to determine the required external resistor value to obtain a percentage output voltage change of $\Delta\%$.

Trim up	5V	12V	15V	24V	48V
%			Ru (kΩ)		
1	210.4	263.2	302.5	515.6	1040.5
2	101.1	126.6	145.2	247.8	498.7
3	64.7	81.0	92.8	158.5	318.0
4	46.5	58.2	66.6	113.9	227.7
5	35.5	44.6	50.9	87.1	173.5
6	28.2	35.5	40.4	69.3	137.4
7	23.0	29.0	33.0	55.5	111.6
8	19.1	24.1	27.3	46.9	92.3
9	16.1	20.3	22.9	39.5	77.2
10	13.7	17.3	19.4	33.5	65.2
11	11.7	14.8	16.6	28.7	55.3
12	10.0	12.7	14.2	24.6	47.1
13	8.6	11.0	12.2	21.2	40.1
14	7.4	9.5	10.5	18.2	34.2
15	6.4	8.2	8.9	15.7	29.0

Remote On/Off control



Positive logic: "On" if pin 4 is high >3.5V to 160VDC "Off" if pin 4 is low <1.2V to 0VDC

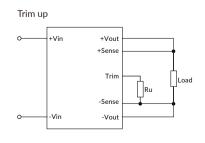
External trim

Trim down

O +Vin +Vout +Sense

Trim -Sense

O -Vin -Vout

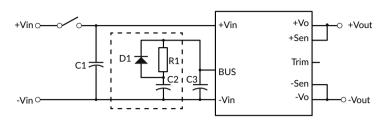




Application notes

Hold up

To enable hold up functionality the BUS pin can be used as outlined in the following typical circuit where C2 energy is used to maintain the module output.



C2	Nominal input voltages						
C2	24V	36V	48V	72V	96V	110V	
For 10ms	2400µF	2400µF	2400µF	2400µF	820µF	560µF	
For 30ms	7200µF	7200µF	7200µF	7200µF	2460µF	1680µF	

D1:200V 10A

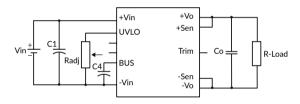
 $R1:3m\Omega \ 1W$

If the hold up function is not required use only C3 Suggested components:

C1 : $100\mu F$ 200V ESR <0.047 Ω C3 : $240\mu F$ (such as Vishay 118AHT)

Adjustable under voltage lockout

The module has default under voltage lockout feature. This can be adjusted by using the following typical circuit:

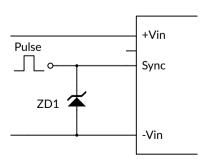


Nominal input voltages 24V 48V 72V 110V 36V Turn Off threshold 11.0 ±0.5 20.0 ± 1.0 27.3 ±1.0 41.6 ± 1.0 53.0 ±1.0 (VDC) Turn Off threshold 29.6 ±1.0 44.6 ±1.0 13.0 ±0.5 22.0 ±1.0 58.0 ±1.0 (VDC) Radj resistor (KΩ) Open 18 10 (UVLO to -Vin)

Suggested components: $C1:100\mu F\ 200V\ ESR\ <0.047\Omega$ $C3:240\mu F\ (such\ as\ Vishay\ 118AHT)$

Synchronized frequency

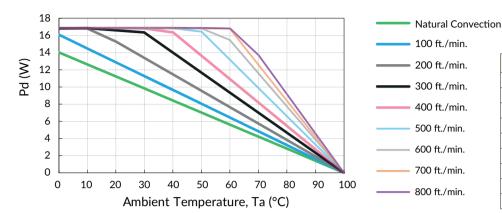
An extrenal clock can be used to synchronize the RDF150 by use of a narrrow pulse (75ns-120ns, 3.5-5VDC) applied to pin 3 "Sync". The applied signal should be between 530kHz and 630kHz and above the RDF150 switching frequency. Connect applied pulse in parallel with a 5.6V Zener diode as shown.





Application notes

Airflow Derating Graph (Without Heatsink)



Air flow rate	Typical Rca
Natural convection 20ft/min (0.1m/s)	7.12°C/W
100ft/min (0.5m/s)	6.21°C/W
200ft/min (1.0m/s)	5.17°C/W
300ft/min (1.5m/s)	4.29°C/W
400ft/min (2.0m/s)	3.64°C/W
500ft/min (2.5m/s)	2.96°C/W
600ft/min (2.5m/s)	2.53°C/W
700ft/min (2.5m/s)	2.37°C/W
800ft/min (2.5m/s)	2.19°C/W

Example (without heatsink)

To determine the minimum airflow necessary for a RDF15072WS24 operating at an input voltage of 72V, an output current of 6.25A, and a maximum ambient temperature of 20°C: Determine Power dissipation (Pd): Pd = Pi-Po = Po($1-\eta$)/ η ,

Pd =24 V× 6.25 A×(1-0.894)/0.894 = 17 Watts

Where Pi = Input power, Po = Output Power and η = Efficiency

Determine airflow from airflow derating graph using data points for Pd=17W and Ta = 20°C

Minimum airflow= 400ft./min.

To check that the maximum case temp of 100°C is not exceeded:

Maximum temperature rise is

 $\Delta T = Pd \times Rca = 17 \times 3.64 = 62.$

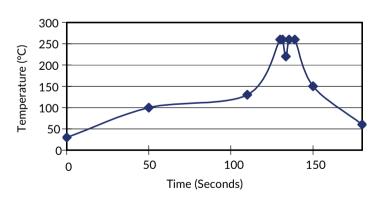
Maximum case temperature is

 $Tc = Ta + \Delta T = 82^{\circ}C < 100^{\circ}C.$

Where: Rca is the thermal resistance from case to ambient environment. Ta is ambient temperature and Tc is case temperature.

Solder profile

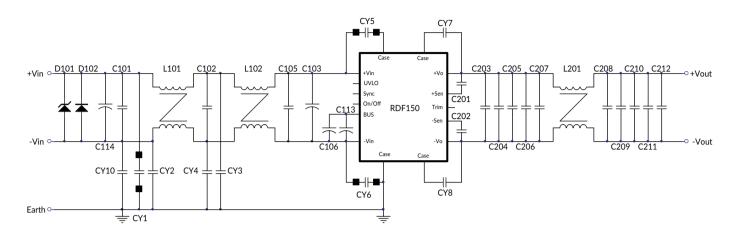
With iron 420 ±10°C for maximum 15s.





Application notes

EMC filter - Emissions and immunity



	RDF15072S05	RDF15072S12	RDF15072S15	RDF15072S24	RDF15072S48
C101, C102, C105	1μF/250V SMD				
C103, C113	220μF/200V aluminum cap. KXJ series				
C106	68μF/200V aluminum cap. CS series				
C114	120μF/220V aluminum cap. KXJ series				
C201, C202	0.1μF/100V SMD	0.068µF/50V SMD		0.1µF/	/100V SMD
C203~204	6.8µF/50V SMD			2.2µF/100V SMD	
C205~C207	10μF/50V SMD				2.2µF/100V SMD
C208	0.1µF/50V SMD				0.1µF/100V SMD
C209~C210	1μF/50V SMD				
C211~C212	6.8µF/50V SMD				2.2µF/100V SMD
CY10	100pF/Y1				
CY1	Not fitted	100pF/Y1		Not fitted	100pF/Y1
CY2	100pF/Y1				
CY3~CY4	2200pF/Y1				
CY5~CY6	2200pF/Y1				
CY7~CY8	0.022μF/275Vac 10mm X2				
L101~L102	0.72mH 0.8mm*2/10T R-22/14/8B MA100-C ALWIN				
L201	0.12mH 0.7mm*8/2T FC- N0179C WELL LIGHT	0.51mH 0.8mm^///U.ECN01/QC.WELLUGHI			
BEAD CORE	CY5, CY6, BRI 4*1.5*2 CHILISIN (G4058651007)				

Notes:

C101, C102, C105: 1812 X7R ceramic

C103, C113: NIPPON CHEMI-CON KXJ series aluminum capacitor

C106: Nichicon CS series aluminum capacitor

C114: NIPPON CHEMI-CON KXJ series aluminum capacitor

C201, C202: 0805 X7R ceramic

C203, C204, C211, C212: 1812 X7R ceramic

C205, C206, C207, C208, C209, C210: 1206 X7R ceramic

 $\hbox{CY1, CY2, CY3, CY4, CY5, CY6, CY10: TDK Y1 capacitor or equivalent}$

CY7, CY8: CARLI MPX Series X2 capacitor

L101, L102: 0.72mH 0.8mm*2/10T R-22/14/8B MA100-C ALWIN (G91CA125615)

L201: 0.12mH 0.7mm*8/2T, FCNO179C WELL LIGHT (G91C7425515)

0.51mH 0.8mm*4/4T, FCNO179C WELL LIGHT (G91C7421915)

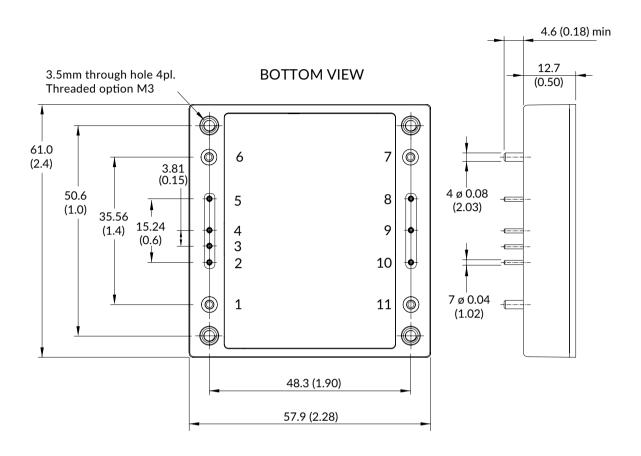
D101: SMCJ180A, LITTELFUSE

D102: STTH8R03DJF-TR ST





Mechanical details



Pin connections			
Pin	Single		
1	+Vin		
2	UVLO		
3	Sync		
4	On/Off		
5	BUS		
6	-Vin		
7	-Vout		
8	-Sense		
9	Trim		
10	+Sense		
11	+Vout		

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in mm (inches)
- 2. Weight: 105g (0.23lb) approx.
- 3. Tolerance: $x.xx = x.x = \pm 0.5$ (± 0.02), $x.xx = \pm 0.25$ ($x.xxx = \pm 0.01$)

- 4. Optional M3 x 0.5 threaded baseplate fixing add suffix -T.
- 5. Mounting holes can be used as functional ground.