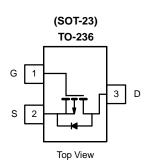
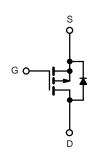


# P-Channel 30 V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUC	CT SUMMARY		
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	$R_{DS(on)}$ ( $\Omega$ ) Typ.	I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>a</sup>	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)
	0.046 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 10 V	- 5.6	
- 30	0.049 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 6 V	- 5	11.4 nC
	0.054 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V	-4.5	





#### P-Channel MOSFET

#### **FEATURES**

- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET
- 100 % R<sub>g</sub> Tested



#### **APPLICATIONS**

- For Mobile Computing
  - Load Switch
  - Notebook Adaptor Switch
  - DC/DC Converter

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATIN	IGS (T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	, unless othe	erwise noted)	
Parameter		Symbol	Limit	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	- 30	V
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	± 20	7 v
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		- 5.6	
Continuous Drain Current /T 150 °C)	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C	1	- 5.1	
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>D</sub>	- 5.4 <sup>b,c</sup>	1
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C	1	- 4.3 <sup>b,c</sup>	A
Pulsed Drain Current (t = 100 µs)		I <sub>DM</sub>	- 18	
Ocationa Ocaza Paris Piede Ocaza	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		- 2.1	
Continous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	- I <sub>S</sub>	- 1 <sup>b,c</sup>	1
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		2.5	
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C		1.6	J
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	P <sub>D</sub>	1.25 <sup>b,c</sup>	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		0.8 <sup>b,c</sup>	1
Operating Junction and Storage Temperatur	e Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to 150	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS								
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b,d</sup>	t ≤ 5 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	75	100	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R <sub>thJF</sub>	40	50	C/VV			

#### Notes:

- a. Based on  $T_C$  = 25 °C. b. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- c. t = 5 s.
- d. Maximum under steady state conditions is 166 °C/W.



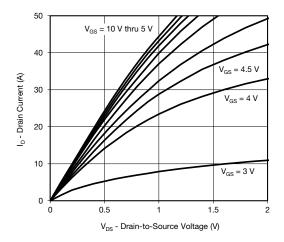
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Static	·					
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V, } I_D = -250  \mu\text{A}$	- 30			V
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	J 252A		- 19		mV/°C
V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$	I <sub>D</sub> = - 250 μA		4		
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_{D} = -250 \mu\text{A}$	- 0.5		- 2.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA
		V <sub>DS</sub> = - 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			- 1	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C			- 5	μA
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \le -5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}$	- 2.5			Α
	. , ,	V <sub>GS</sub> =- 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 4.4 A		0.046		
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =- 6 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 4 A		0.049		Ω S pF
	, ,	V <sub>GS</sub> =- 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 3.6 A		0.054		
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	9 <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 3.4 A		18		S
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>				<u>L</u>		
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			1295		
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		150		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			130		
·		V <sub>DS</sub> = - 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = - 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 5.4 A		24	36	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$			11.4	17	_
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 5.4 A		3.4		nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>	1		3.8		1
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	f = 1 MHz	1.5	7.7	15.4	Ω
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			13	20	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD} = -15 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 3.5 \Omega$		4	8	-
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong -4.3 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -10 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		38	57	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>	1 1		6	12	1
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			28	42	ns -
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD} = -15 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 3.5 \Omega$		16	24	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong -4.3 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -4.5 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		30	45	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>	1		10	20	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristic	s ·					
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	Is	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C			- 2.1	
Pulse Diode Forward Current (t = 100 μs)	I <sub>SM</sub>				- 80	A
Body Diode Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	I <sub>S</sub> = - 4.3 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		- 0.8	- 1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>			15	23	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	1		7	14	nC
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t <sub>a</sub>	$I_F = -4.3 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}, T_J = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		8		
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t <sub>b</sub>	1		7		ns

#### Notes

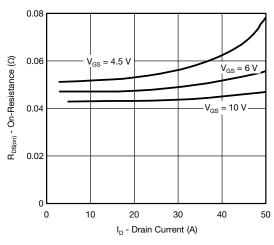
- a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300 µs, duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.
- b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

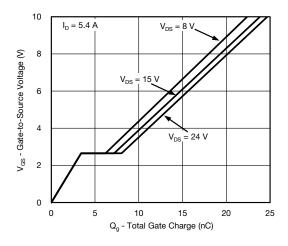




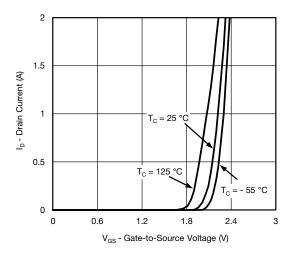
#### **Output Characteristics**



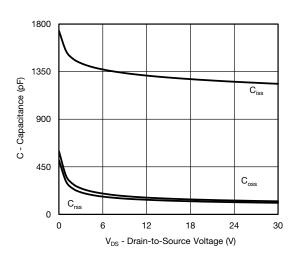
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



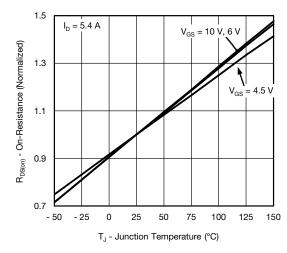
**Gate Charge** 



**Transfer Characteristics** 

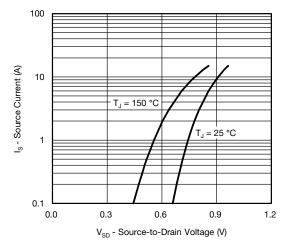


Capacitance

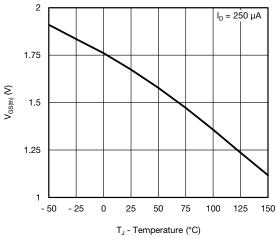


On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

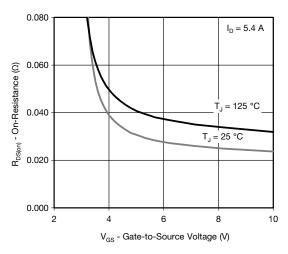




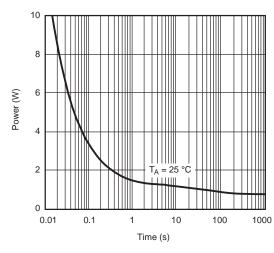
#### Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



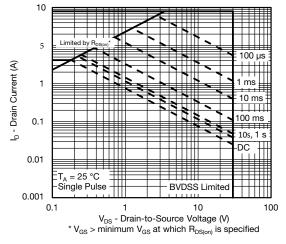
Threshold Voltage



On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

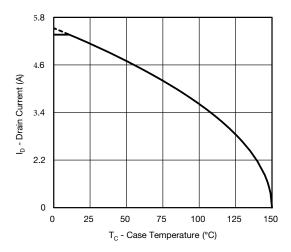


Single Pulse Power (Junction-to-Ambient)

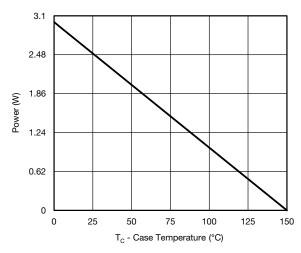


Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient

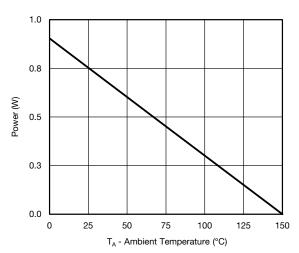




#### **Current Derating\***



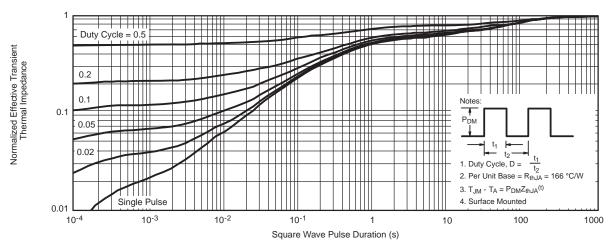




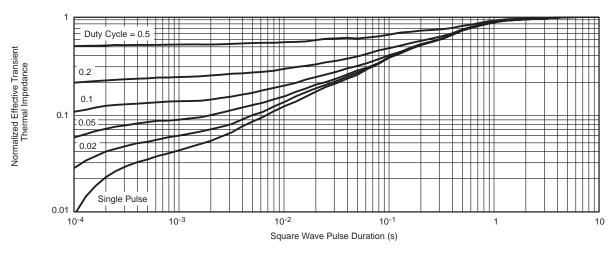
Power, Junction-to-Ambient

<sup>\*</sup> The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max.)}$  = 150 °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.





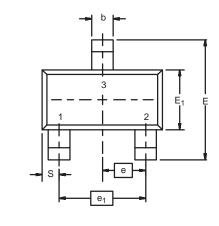
#### Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

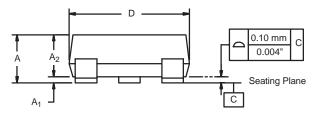


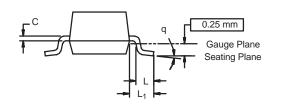
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot



### SOT-23 (TO-236): 3-LEAD







Dim	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	0.89	1.12	0.035	0.044
A <sub>1</sub>	0.01	0.10	0.0004	0.004
A <sub>2</sub>	0.88	1.02	0.0346	0.040
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020
С	0.085	0.18	0.003	0.007
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120
E	2.10	2.64	0.083	0.104
E <sub>1</sub>	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055
е	0.95 BSC		0.037	4 Ref
e <sub>1</sub>	1.90 BSC		0.0748 Ref	
L	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024
L <sub>1</sub>	0.64 Ref		0.025	Ref
S	0.50 Ref		0.020	) Ref
q	3°	8°	3°	8°

DWG: 5479



#### **RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SOT-23**



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)



# **Disclaimer**

All products due to improve reliability, function or design or for other reasons, product specifications and data are subject to change without notice.

Taiwan VBsemi Electronics Co., Ltd., branches, agents, employees, and all persons acting on its or their representatives (collectively, the "Taiwan VBsemi"), assumes no responsibility for any errors, inaccuracies or incomplete data contained in the table or any other any disclosure of any information related to the product.(www.VBsemi.com)

Taiwan VBsemi makes no guarantee, representation or warranty on the product for any particular purpose of any goods or continuous production. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law on Taiwan VBsemi relinquished: (1) any application and all liability arising out of or use of any products; (2) any and all liability, including but not limited to special, consequential damages or incidental; (3) any and all implied warranties, including a particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability guarantee.

Statement on certain types of applications are based on knowledge of the product is often used in a typical application of the general product VBsemi Taiwan demand that the Taiwan VBsemi of. Statement on whether the product is suitable for a particular application is non-binding. It is the customer's responsibility to verify specific product features in the products described in the specification is appropriate for use in a particular application. Parameter data sheets and technical specifications can be provided may vary depending on the application and performance over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters must be made by customer's technical experts validated for each customer application. Product specifications do not expand or modify Taiwan VBsemi purchasing terms and conditions, including but not limited to warranty herein.

Unless expressly stated in writing, Taiwan VBsemi products are not intended for use in medical, life saving, or life sustaining applications or any other application. Wherein VBsemi product failure could lead to personal injury or death, use or sale of products used in Taiwan VBsemi such applications using client did not express their own risk. Contact your authorized Taiwan VBsemi people who are related to product design applications and other terms and conditions in writing.

The information provided in this document and the company's products without a license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights granted to the VBsemi act or document. Product names and trademarks referred to herein are trademarks of their respective representatives will be all.

## **Material Category Policy**

Taiwan VBsemi Electronics Co., Ltd., hereby certify that all of the products are determined to be RoHS compliant and meets the definition of restrictions under Directive of the European Parliament 2011/65 / EU, 2011 Nian. 6. 8 Ri Yue restrict the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) - modification, unless otherwise specified as inconsistent.(www.VBsemi.com)

Please note that some documents may still refer to Taiwan VBsemi RoHS Directive 2002/95 / EC. We confirm that all products identified as consistent with the Directive 2002/95 / EC European Directive 2011/65 /.

Taiwan VBsemi Electronics Co., Ltd. hereby certify that all of its products comply identified as halogen-free halogen-free standards required by the JEDEC JS709A. Please note that some Taiwanese VBsemi documents still refer to the definition of IEC 61249-2-21, and we are sure that all products conform to confirm compliance with IEC 61249-2-21 standard level JS709A.