

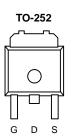
# N-Channel 150 V (D-S) MOSFET

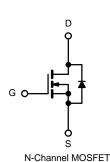
PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>a</sup>	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)		
150	0.074 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	25.4	23 nC		
	0.077 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 8 V	22.5	23110		

#### **FEATURES**

- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Definition
- Extremely Low Q<sub>gd</sub> for Switching Losses
- 100 % R<sub>g</sub> Tested
- 100 % Avalanche Tested
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC







#### **APPLICATIONS**

· Primary Side Switch

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit		
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	150	V		
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 20	v	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		25.4		
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>.1</sub> = 150 °C)	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C		23.1		
Continuous Drain Current (1) = 150 °C)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>D</sub>	15.5 <sup>b, c</sup>		
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		14.5 <sup>b, c</sup>	Α	
Pulsed Drain Current		I <sub>DM</sub>	50		
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		4.5		
Continuous Source-Diam Diode Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	Is	2.6 <sup>b, c</sup>		
Single Pulse Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I <sub>AS</sub>	20		
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy		E <sub>AS</sub>	20	mJ	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		5.9		
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C		3.8	W	
Maximum Fower Dissipation	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	P <sub>D</sub>	3.1 <sup>b, c</sup>	VV	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		2 <sup>b, c</sup>		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to 150	°C	

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS								
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b, †</sup>	t ≤ 10 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	33	40	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	$R_{thJF}$	17	21	C/ V V			

#### Notes

- a. Based on  $T_C = 25$  °C.
- b. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- c. t = 10 s.
- d. Maximum under steady state conditions is 80 °C/W.



Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	150			V	
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	L = 250 uA		172		mV/°C	
V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_{J}$	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA		- 10		11111/ C	
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250 \mu A$	1.5		3.0	V	
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA	
Zoro Coto Voltago Proin Current		V <sub>DS</sub> = 150 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V	1		1		
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	V <sub>DS</sub> = 120 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C		10		μA	
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \ge 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	30			Α	
Drain Course On State Desistance		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V, } I_{D} = 5 \text{ A}$	0.074 0.077			Ω	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	$V_{GS} = 8 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 5 \text{ A}$					
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	9 <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 5 A		23		S	
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>							
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			1735		pF	
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		160			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			37			
Total Gate Charge		$V_{DS} = 75 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 5 \text{ A}$		28.5	43	43	
	Qg			23	35	200	
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	$V_{DS} = 75 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 8 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 5 \text{ A}$		8		nC	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>			6.5			
Gate Resistance	$R_{g}$	f = 1 MHz	0.8		1.3	Ω	
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			14	21		
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 50 V, $R_L$ = 10 $\Omega$		12	18	1	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong 5$ A, $V_{GEN}$ = 10 V, $R_g$ = 1 $\Omega$		22	33		
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			6	10	no	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			16	24	ns	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 50 V, $R_L$ = 10 $\Omega$		12	18		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong 5 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 8 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		20	30		
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			7	12		
<b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristi</b>	cs						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C			7.7	۸	
Pulse Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>SM</sub>				50	A	
Body Diode Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	I <sub>S</sub> = 2.6 A		0.77	1.2	V	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>			63	95	ns	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	L = 5 A dl/dt = 100 A/vo T = 25 °C		110	165	nC	
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t <sub>a</sub>	$I_F = 5 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}, T_J = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		49		20	
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t <sub>b</sub>			14		ns	

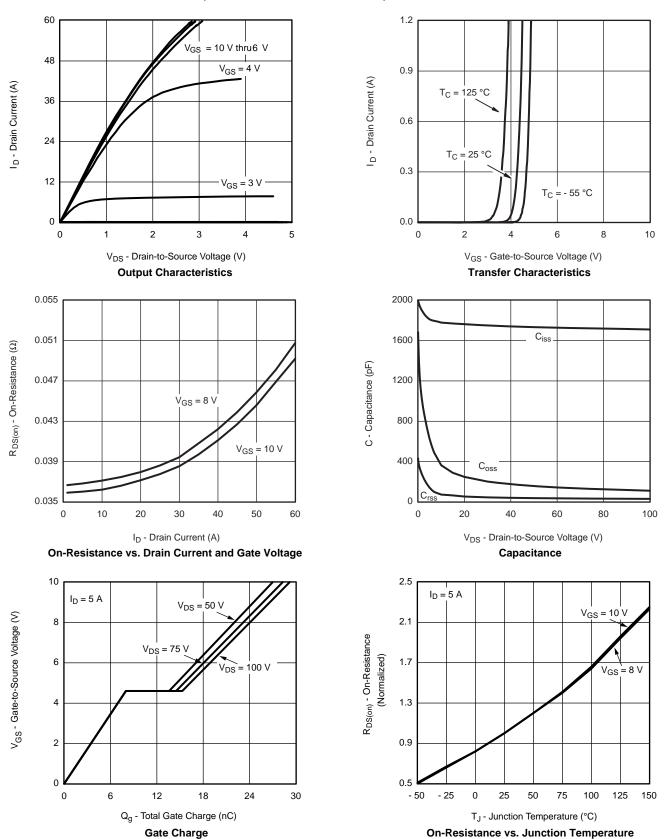
#### Notes:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

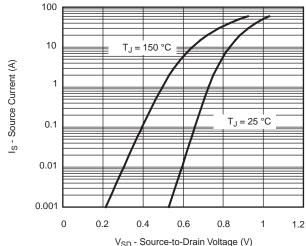
a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq 300~\mu s,$  duty cycle  $\leq 2~\%$ 

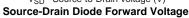
a. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

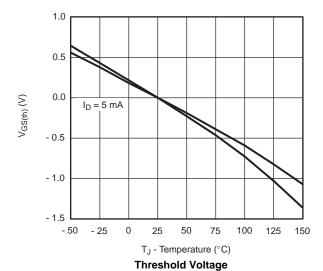




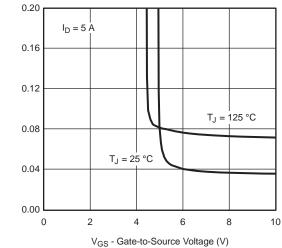




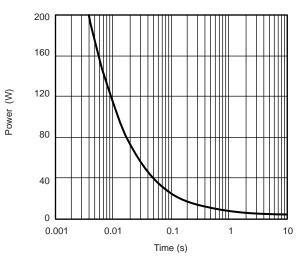




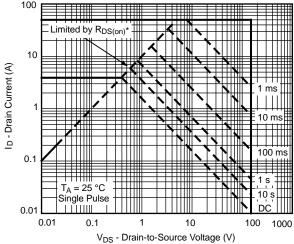
 $R_{DS(on)}$  - Drain-to-Source On-Resistance  $(\Omega)$ 



On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



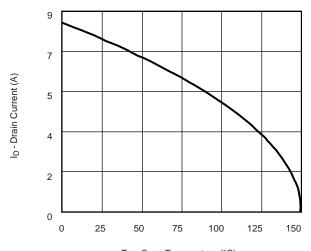
Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient



\*  $V_{GS}$  > minimum  $V_{GS}$  at which  $R_{DS(on)}$  is specified

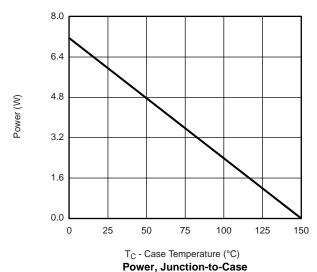
Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient

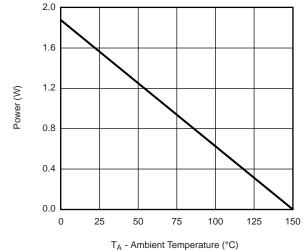




T<sub>C</sub> - Case Temperature (°C)



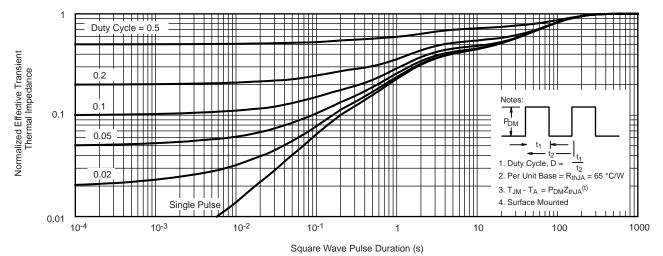




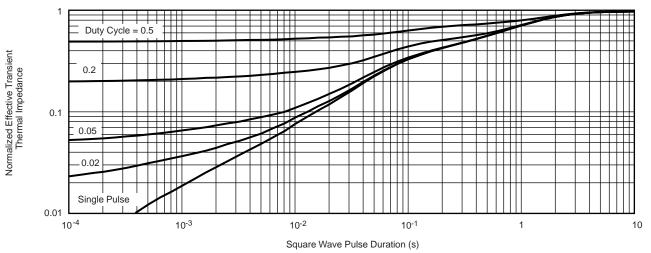
Power, Junction-to-Ambient

<sup>\*</sup> The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)} = 150$  °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.





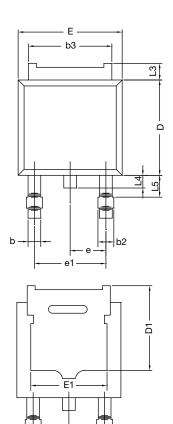
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

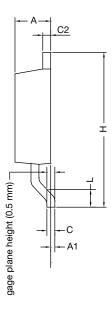


Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot



### **TO-252AA CASE OUTLINE**





	MILLIMETERS		INC	HES	
DIM.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
А	2.18	2.38	0.086	0.094	
A1	-	0.127	-	0.005	
b	0.64	0.88	0.025	0.035	
b2	0.76	1.14	0.030	0.045	
b3	4.95	5.46	0.195	0.215	
С	0.46	0.61	0.018	0.024	
C2	0.46	0.89	0.018	0.035	
D	5.97	6.22	0.235	0.245	
D1	5.21	-	0.205	-	
Е	6.35	6.73	0.250	0.265	
E1	4.32	-	0.170	-	
Н	9.40	10.41	0.370	0.410	
е	2.28 BSC		0.090 BSC		
e1	4.56 BSC		0.180 BSC		
L	1.40	1.78	0.055	0.070	
L3	0.89	1.27	0.035	0.050	
L4	-	1.02	-	0.040	
L5	1.14	1.52	0.045	0.060	
ECN: X12-0247-Rev. M. 24-Dec-12					

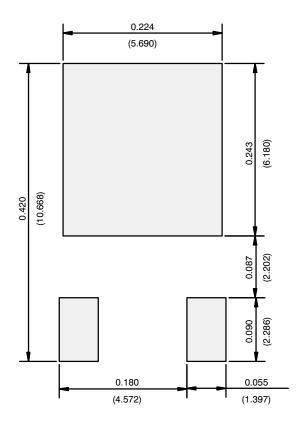
#### DWG: 5347

Note

• Dimension L3 is for reference only.



#### **RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR DPAK (TO-252)**



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)



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